

Lecture et Ecriture d'Images numériques (Java, C++)

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Solutions

A Partie 1

Fichier de construction Maven du projet Java : pom.xml. Les codes source Java doivent se situer dans un répertoire src/main/java au niveau du fichier pom.xml.

```
1 <project xmlns="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0" xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org
  /2001/XMLSchema-instance" xsi:schemaLocation="http://maven.apache.org/POM
  /4.0.0 http://maven.apache.org/xsd/maven-4.0.0.xsd">
2   <modelVersion>4.0.0</modelVersion>
3
4   <groupId>fr.cnrs.i3s</groupId>
5   <artifactId>TImageIO</artifactId>
6   <version>1.0-SNAPSHOT</version>
7   <packaging>jar</packaging>
8
9   <name>TImageIO</name>
10
11   <dependencies>
12     <dependency>
13       <groupId>junit</groupId>
14       <artifactId>junit</artifactId>
15       <version>4.10</version>
16       <scope>test</scope>
17     </dependency>
18   </dependencies>
19
20   <build>
21     <plugins>
22       <plugin>
23         <artifactId>maven-assembly-plugin</artifactId>
24         <configuration>
25           <descriptorRefs>
26             <descriptorRef>jar-with-dependencies</descriptorRef>
27           </descriptorRefs>
28           <archive>
29             <manifest>
```

```

30         <mainClass>fr.cnrs.i3s.tdimageio.solution.
           ImageReaderWriter</mainClass>
31     </manifest>
32 </archive>
33 </configuration>
34 <executions>
35     <execution>
36         <id>make-assembly</id>
37         <phase>package</phase>
38         <goals>
39             <goal>attached</goal>
40         </goals>
41     </execution>
42 </executions>
43 </plugin>
44 </plugins>
45 </build>
46 </project>

```

Code source de la classe à réaliser.

```

1  /*
2   * To change this template, choose Tools | Templates
3   * and open the template in the editor.
4   */
5  package fr.cnrs.i3s.tdimageio.solution;
6
7  import java.awt.Color;
8  import java.awt.image.BufferedImage;
9  import java.io.File;
10 import java.io.IOException;
11 import javax.imageio.ImageIO;
12
13 /**
14  *
15  * @author gaignard
16  */
17 public class ImageReaderWriter {
18
19     public BufferedImage load(String filePath) {
20         File fileSelected = new File(filePath);
21         BufferedImage bi = null;
22         try {
23             bi = ImageIO.read(fileSelected);
24
25         } catch (IOException e) {
26             System.out.println(e.getStackTrace());
27         }
28         return bi;
29     }
30
31     public void histogram(BufferedImage bi) {
32         int[] rHist = new int[256];
33

```

```

34      //Populates the histogram
35      int w = bi.getWidth();
36      int h = bi.getHeight();
37      for (int i = 0; i < w; i++) {
38          for (int j = 0; j < h; j++) {
39              Color c = new Color(bi.getRGB(i, j));
40              rHist[c.getRed()]++;
41          }
42      }
43
44      //Computes the max of the histogram
45      double rMax = 0.0;
46      for (int i = 0; i < rHist.length; i++) {
47          if (rHist[i] > rMax) {
48              rMax = rHist[i];
49          }
50      }
51
52      //Normalizes the histogram
53      int maxNorm = 20;
54      long[] rHistNorm = new long[256];
55      for (int i = 0; i < rHist.length; i++) {
56          double n = rHist[i] * (maxNorm / rMax);
57          rHistNorm[i] = Math.round(n);
58      }
59
60      //Prints the histogram
61      for (int i = maxNorm; i >= 0; i--) {
62          String s = "";
63          for (int j = 0; j < rHistNorm.length; j++) {
64              if (rHistNorm[j] == i) {
65                  s += "+";
66              } else {
67                  s += " ";
68              }
69          }
70          System.out.println(s);
71      }
72      System.out.println("");
73  }
74
75  public void dump(BufferedImage bi) {
76      int w = bi.getWidth();
77      int h = bi.getHeight();
78      int cpt = 0;
79      for (int i = 0; i < w; i++) {
80          for (int j = 0; j < h; j++) {
81              if ((cpt % 10) == 0) {
82                  Color c = new Color(bi.getRGB(i, j));
83                  System.out.println "[" + i + ", " + j + "] = [" + c.getRed() + "
84                      , " + c.getGreen() + ", " + c.getBlue() + "]");
85              }
86              cpt++;

```

```

86     }
87 }
88 }
89
90 public void save(BufferedImage bi, String format, String filePath) {
91     try {
92         File outFile = new File(filePath);
93         ImageIO.write(bi, format, outFile);
94     } catch (IOException e) {
95         System.out.println(e.getStackTrace());
96     }
97 }
98
99 public static void main(String[] args) {
100     ImageReaderWriter rw = new ImageReaderWriter();
101     BufferedImage img = rw.load("../Images/lena.jpg");
102     rw.dump(img);
103     rw.histogram(img);
104     rw.save(img, "bmp", "../Images/lena.bmp");
105 }
106 }

```

B Partie 2

Programme C++ à compiler pour linux (et mac) avec :

```
1  g++ -o hello_word.exe hello_world.cpp -O2 -L/usr/X11R6/lib -lm -lpthread -lX11
```

```
1  // Include CImg library file and use its main namespace
2  #include "CImg.h"
3  #include <iostream>
4  using namespace cimg_library;
5
6  int main(int argc, char **argv) {
7      // Display program usage, when invoked from the command line with option '-h'.
8      cimg_usage("Read an image, dump rgb values for each pixels, and save the image
9          in bmp ");
10     // Program options
11     const char* file_i = cimg_option("-i", "../Images/lena.jpg", "Input image");
12     const char* file_o = cimg_option("-o", "../Images/lena.bmp", "Output image");
13
14     // Load an image
15     CImg<unsigned char> image = CImg<>(file_i);
16
17     // Create a display window
18     CImgDisplay main_disp(image, "Input Image");
19
20     // Enter event loop. This loop ends when the display window is closed or when
21     // the keys 'ESC' or 'Q' are pressed.
22     while (!main_disp.is_closed &&
23         !main_disp.is_keyESC &&
24         !main_disp.is_keyQ) {
25         cimg::wait(20);
26     }
27
28     // Navigate pixels
29     // for (int y=0 ; y<myImage.dimx() ; y++){
30     //     for (int x=0 ; x<myImage.dimy() ; x++){
31     //         ...
32     //     }
33     // }
34     cimg_forXY(image, x, y){
35         std::cout << "[" << (float)image(x,y,0) << "," << (float)image(x,y,1) << ","
36             << (float)image(x,y,2) << "]" << std::endl;
37     }
38     // Save the image in BMP format
39     image.save_bmp(file_o);
40
41     return 0;
42 }
```